

## Humanitarian funding analysis: Boko Haram attacks in Diffa, Niger



### 1. Key points

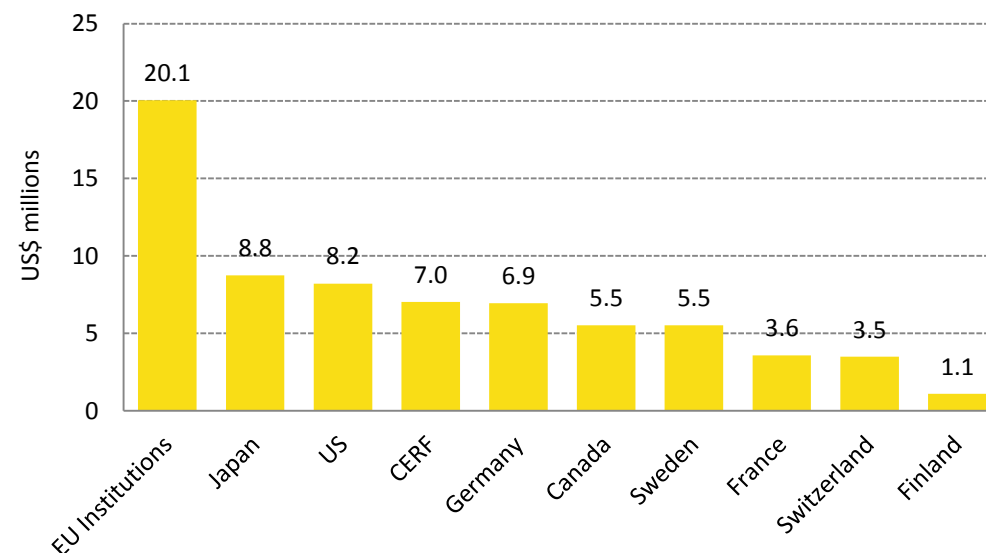
- According to the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)'s Financial Tracking Service (FTS), donors have committed/contributed US\$116 million of humanitarian assistance to Niger since the start of 2016.
- The European (EU) institutions, including the European Commission's Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection Department (ECHO) and the European Commission, are collectively the largest donor to Niger, contributing 17% of total current funding (US\$20.1 million).
- The UN-coordinated 2016 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) for Niger requested US\$316 million from donors to respond to humanitarian needs in the country. The appeal is currently 29% funded at US\$92 million.
- US\$4.6 million of funding from the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) was allocated to the 2016 HRP for Niger throughout December 2015. As yet no CERF funding has been allocated to Niger in 2016.

### 2. Recent humanitarian funding to Niger

Donors have committed or contributed US\$116 million of humanitarian funding to Niger since the start of 2016.

The EU institutions are the largest donor so far this year, committing/contributing US\$20.1 million (17% of the total), of which US\$12.6 million is from ECHO. The second and third largest donors respectively are Japan, which has given US\$8.8 million (7.5%), and the US (United States) with US\$8.2 (7.1%). Between them, these three donors have given almost a third (31.9%) of total funding so far.

Figure 1: The ten largest humanitarian donors to Niger, 2016



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Data downloaded and compiled 15 June 2016  
 Notes: This chart does not include 'Allocation of unearmarked funds by WFP'; EU Institutions include both European Commission and ECHO (European Commission's Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection department); CERF: Central Emergency Response Fund; US: United States.

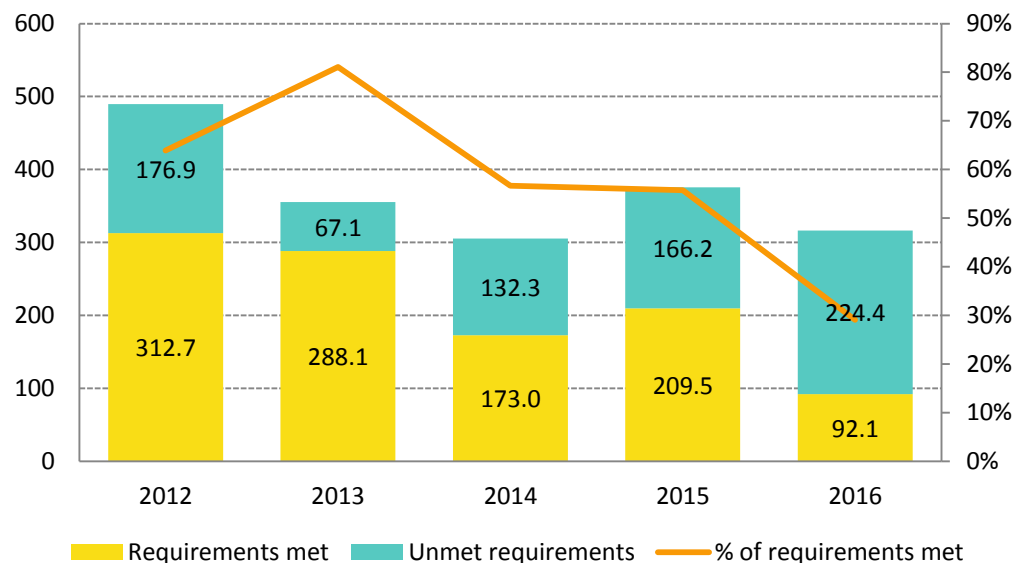
### 3. Appeals and response plans

The 2016 UN-coordinated HRP for Niger sets out requirements of US\$316 million for response and resilience, making it the 13th largest appeal in 2016. With US\$92 million of funding received against these requirements, the appeal is currently only 29% funded, although this is higher than the average of 22% across all response plans and FLASH appeals.

Since 2013, the percentage of Niger's response plan requirements met has decreased each year, with a significant fall between 2013 and 2014 when coverage fell from 81% to 57%. In 2015, 56% of the revised requirements were met (US\$209.5 million).

## 2 | Boko Haram attacks in Diffa, Niger

Figure 2: Appeals and response-plan trends, 2012–2016

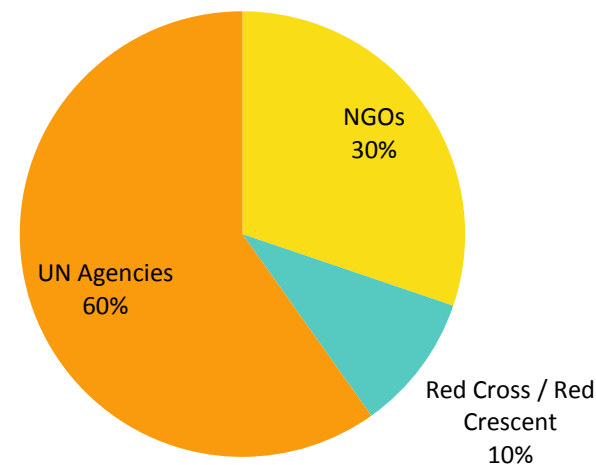


Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Data downloaded and compiled 15 June 2016

## 4. Channels of delivery

In 2016, most reported international humanitarian assistance to Niger (60%) was initially channelled through UN agencies – amounting to US\$69 million. 30% (US\$35 million) was channelled through NGOs, and 10% (US\$12 million) through the Red Cross and Red Crescent Society. It is worth noting, however, that these amounts do not necessarily reflect how much was ultimately delivered by each agency type, due to sub-granting and subcontracting.

Figure 3: Channels of delivery of international humanitarian assistance to Niger, 2016



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Data downloaded and compiled 15 June 2016

## 5. Pooled funding as part of the response

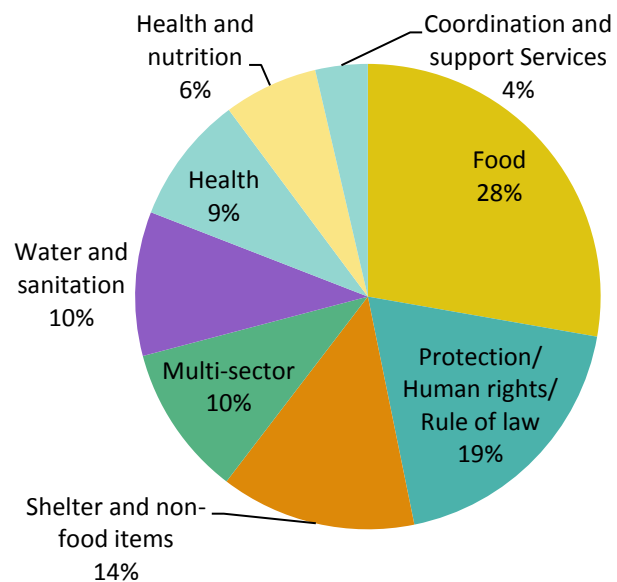
### i. Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)

So far in 2016 there have been no allocations from the CERF; however, a number of allocations made in December 2015 were allocated to the 2016 response plan. In 2015 Niger was the 14th largest recipient of CERF allocations, receiving US\$14 million.

Of the US\$14 million of CERF allocations to Niger in 2015, US\$3.8 million (28%) was for food projects, while US\$2.6 million (19%) was for protection, human rights and rule of law.

### 3 | Boko Haram attacks in Diffa, Niger

Figure 4: CERF allocation to Niger 2015, by sector.

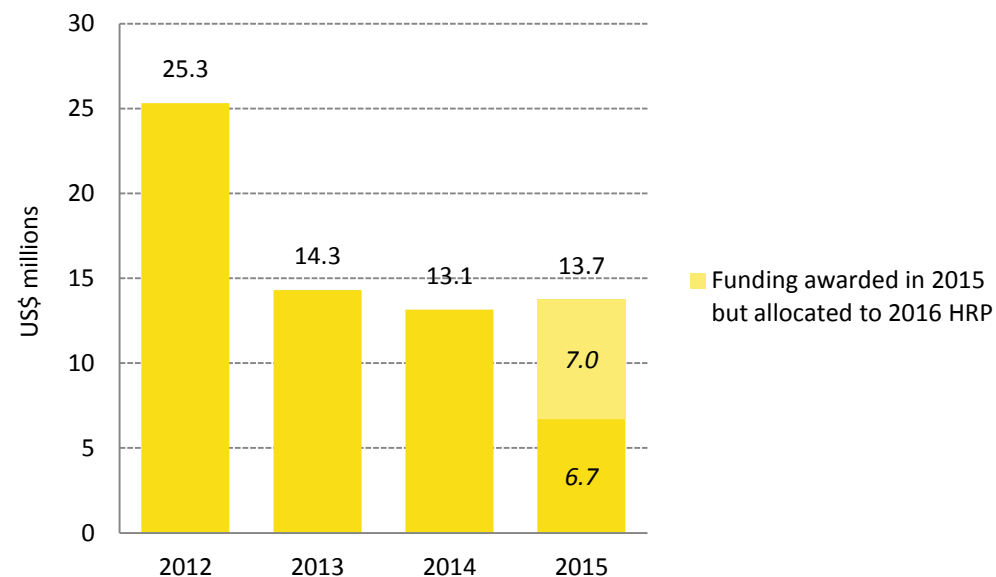


Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA CERF data. Data downloaded and compiled 15 June 2016  
 Notes: This sector analysis applies to all CERF funds allocated to Niger in 2015, amounting to US\$13.7 million. However, US\$7.0 million of this was allocated against the 2016 HRP.

#### ii. Country-based pooled funds (CBPFs)

There are currently no country-based pooled funds in Niger.

Figure 5: Pooled funding awarded and allocated to Niger, 2012–2015

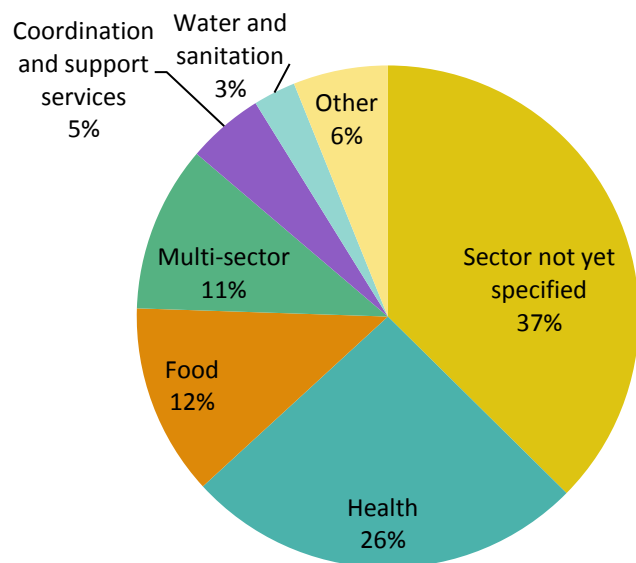


Source: Development Initiatives based on UNOCHA FTS data. Data downloaded 15 June 2016  
 Notes: CERF: Central Emergency Response Fund.

## 6. Funding to sectors

The largest proportion of funding to Niger in 2016 is categorised as ‘Sector not yet specified’ (37%), followed by ‘Health’ (26%) and ‘Multi-sector’ (11%).

Figure 6: Humanitarian funding to Niger 2016, by sector



Source: UN OCHA FTS. Data downloaded 15 June 2016

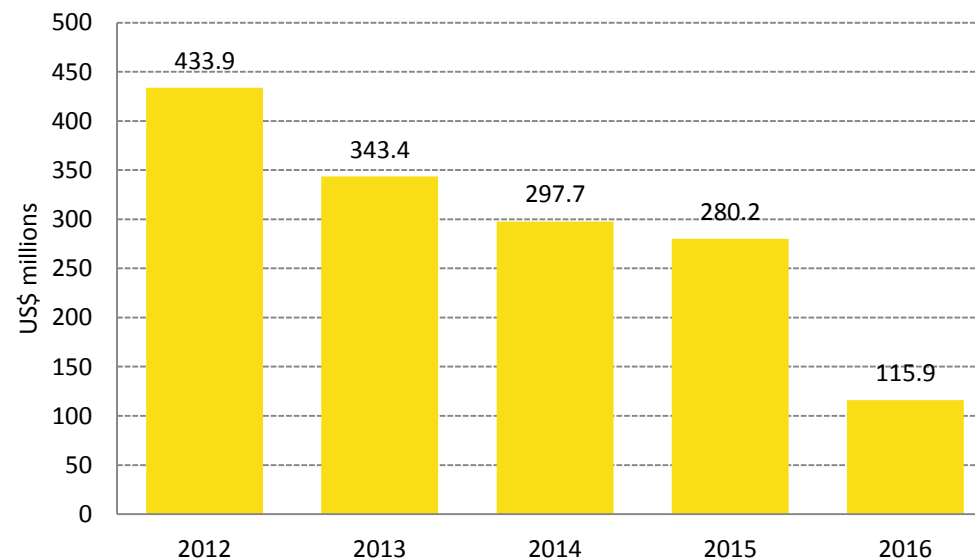
Note: 'Others' include 'Agriculture' (US\$2.3 million), 'Shelter and non-food items' (US\$1.5 million), 'Protection/ Human rights/Rule of law' (US\$1.8 million) and 'Economic recovery and infrastructure' (US\$1.4 million).

## 7. Humanitarian funding trends to Niger (historic)

International humanitarian assistance to Niger reported to the FTS has steadily decreased each year between 2012 and to 2015, from US\$434 million to US\$280 million.

The US is the largest overall donor to Niger over the 2012–2016 period (US\$379 million), followed by EU institutions (US\$251 million), Japan (US\$77 million), CERF (US\$66 million) and the UK (US\$62 million).

Figure 7: International humanitarian assistance to Niger, 2012–2016



Source: UN OCHA FTS. Data downloaded 15 June 2016

Data is correct at time of writing and subject to change. For up-to-date figures on the humanitarian response to Somalia and other crises see UN OCHA's Financial Tracking Service: [fts.unocha.org/pageloader.aspx?page=home](https://fts.unocha.org/pageloader.aspx?page=home)

Author: Arnaud Galinié

Contact: [gha@devinit.org](mailto:gha@devinit.org)

Web: [www.globalhumanitarianassistance.org](http://www.globalhumanitarianassistance.org)