CRISIS BRIEFING: 18 AUGUST 2015

Humanitarian funding analysis: Flooding in Burkina Faso

1. Key points

- No funding to Burkina Faso has been reported to the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)'s Financial Tracking Service (FTS) since severe flooding began at the end of July.
- Donors have committed/contributed US\$36.3 million of international humanitarian assistance to Burkina Faso so far in 2015 – a decline of one third from the same point in 2014.
- The European Commission's Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection Department (ECHO) is by far the largest humanitarian donor to Burkina Faso (US\$20.1 million so far in 2015).
- The UN-coordinated <u>Burkina Faso Strategic Response Plan (SRP) 2015</u> requests U\$\$98.8 million to meet the identified needs of 900,000 people. It is currently 26% funded at U\$\$26.4 million.
- The <u>Sahel Regional Appeal 2015</u>, which covers Burkina Faso, requests an additional US\$10.3 million in funding for the Sahel region and is 15% funded.
- Burkina Faso has received no Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) allocations in 2015 thus far. Funding from the CERF to Burkina Faso amounted to US\$4.9 million in 2014.

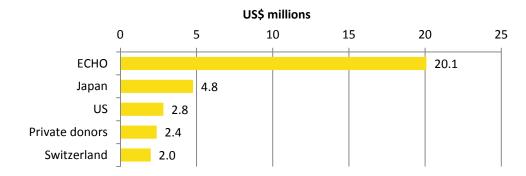
2. Recent humanitarian funding to Burkina Faso

No funding to Burkina Faso has been reported to the UN OCHA'S FTS since 21 July 2015, nor has any assistance been reported on ECHO's European Emergency Disaster Response Information System (EDRIS) since severe flooding began at the end of July. Donors have committed or contributed US\$36.3 million of international humanitarian funding to Burkina Faso so far in 2015.





Figure 1: Five largest international humanitarian donors to Burkina Faso, 2015



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Data is in current prices and downloaded 18 August 2015.

Note: ECHO: European Commission's Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection department. US: United States.

ECHO is the largest donor to Burkina Faso in 2015 – as it has been since 2013 – accounting for more than half of all contributions and commitments in 2015 (US\$20.1 million; 55%). Japan (US\$4.8 million; 13%) is the second largest donor followed by the United States (US) (US\$2.8 million; 8%).

3. Domestic response

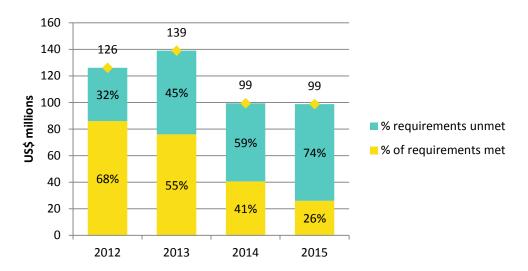
The Conseil National de Secours d'Urgence et de Réhabilitation (CONASUR) within the Ministère de l'Action Sociale et de la Solidarité is responsible for responding to natural disasters in Burkina Faso. It has been active in the response to the flooding and says it will need approximately US\$30 million to meet the needs of more than 122,000 people affected by the flooding.

4. Appeals and response plans

The UN-coordinated <u>Burkina Faso SRP 2015</u> requests **US\$98.8 million** to meet the identified needs of **900,000 people** between January and December 2015. The appeal is currently **26% funded at US\$26.4 million**, placing Burkina Faso 25th out of the 33 SRPs in 2015 in terms of proportion of requirements met. The <u>Sahel Regional Appeal 2015</u>, which covers Burkina Faso, requests an additional US\$10.3 million in funding for the Sahel region and is 15% funded.

2 | Flooding in Burkina Faso

Figure 2: Revised requirements and proportion of requirements met, UN-coordinated appeals for Burkina Faso, 2012–2015



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Financial data is in current prices and downloaded 18 August 2015.

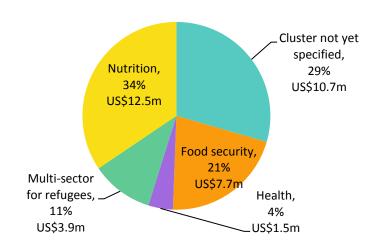
Note: Data for 2015 is subject to change.

The last time a UN-coordinated flash appeal was launched for Burkina Faso was in 2009, and at the time there was no pre-existing UN-consolidated appeal in place. The flash appeal targeted 150,000 people who had been affected by severe flooding, with an estimated 90,000 people in temporary accommodation following the floods. The US\$18.4 million appeal ran between September 2009 and February 2010 and was 46% funded.

5. Funding to clusters

The largest proportion of funding to Burkina Faso in 2015 is allocated to **nutrition (34%)**, followed by **'cluster not yet specified' (29%)** and **food security (21%)**. No funding specifically for water and sanitation and education has been reported this year – these clusters (which have revised requirements of US\$7.3 million and US\$1.7 million, respectively, in the Burkina Faso SRP 2015) are currently 0% funded.

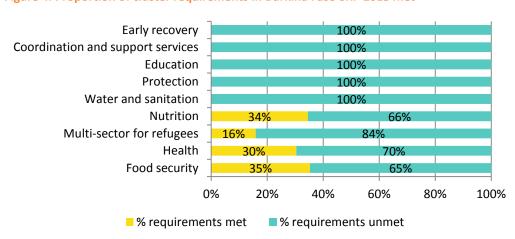
Figure 3: International humanitarian funding to Burkina Faso, by cluster, 2015



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Financial data is in current prices and downloaded 18 August 2015.

Note: If funding is given in an un-earmarked fashion and not yet applied by the recipient agency to a particular project and sector, FTS shows the funding under the heading 'Cluster not yet specified'.

Figure 4: Proportion of cluster requirements in Burkina Faso SRP 2015 met



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Data downloaded 18 August 2015. Note: Requirements refer to revised requirements.

3 | Flooding in Burkina Faso

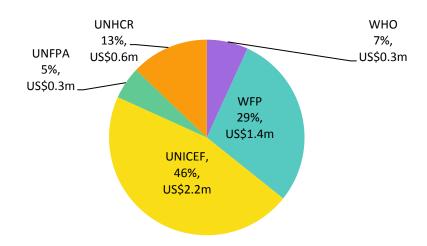
6. Pooled funding as part of the response

i. Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)

Burkina Faso has not yet received funding from the CERF in 2015. In 2014, Burkina Faso was the 29th largest CERF recipient, with 0.85% of global CERF allocations that year (US\$3.9 million). All of this funding was approved under the underfunded emergency window.

Burkina Faso received US\$4.9 million of CERF funding under the rapid response window following major flooding in 2009 that led to the launch of a UN-consolidated flash appeal.

Figure 5: CERF funding to Burkina Faso in response to severe flooding, by recipient agency, October 2009



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN CERF data. Financial data is in current prices and downloaded 18 August 2015.

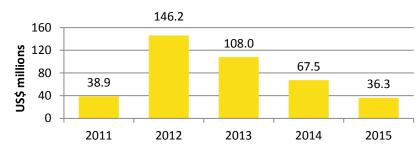
Other pooled funds

There are no humanitarian country-based pooled funds operating for Burkina Faso, nor are there United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) multi-donor trust funds. A World Bankmanaged Sahel Adaptive Social Protection Trust Fund was launched in 2014 with an initial contribution of US\$75 million from the UK to support resilience in the region, including in Burkina Faso.

7. Humanitarian funding trends to Burkina Faso (historic)

Burkina Faso has received nearly US\$400 million in international humanitarian funding between 2011 and 2015. The US\$68 million received in 2014 was less than half the amount received in 2012 (US\$146 million).

Figure 6: International humanitarian funding to Burkina Faso, 2011–2015



Source: Development Initiatives based on UN OCHA FTS data. Data is in current prices and downloaded 18 August 2015.

8. Other relevant information

Burkina Faso received US\$112 million in bilateral official development assistance (ODA) marked with the adaptation Rio Marker in 2013 from the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD's) Development Assistance Committee (DAC) donors (meaning this funding had climate adaptation as a principal or significant policy objective).

The African Risk Capacity (ARC), which uses risk-pooling and risk transfer mechanisms to respond to early warning signs, covers other countries in the Sahel region – Mauritania, Niger and Senegal. Burkina Faso is expected to join later this year.

Data is correct at time of writing and subject to change. For up-to-date figures on the humanitarian response to Burkina Faso and other crises see UN OCHA's FTS:

fts.unocha.org/pageloader.aspx?page=home

Author: Deepak Sardiwal Contact: gha@devinit.org

Web: www.globalhumanitarianassistance.org

ⁱ Development Initiatives based on OECD DAC Creditor Reporting System data.